

High-reliability discrete products and engineering services since 1977

# 1N5555P-1N5558P

1500 WATT TRANSIENT VOLTAGE SUPPRESSOR

#### **FEATURES**

- Available as "HR" (high reliability) screened per MIL-PRF-19500, JANTX level. Add "HR" suffix to base part number.
- Available as non-RoHS (Sn/Pb plating), standard, and as RoHS by adding "-PBF" suffix.

#### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

1500 Watts for 10/1000μs with repetition ra	for 10/1000μs with repetition rate of 0.01% or less* at lead temperature ( $T_L$ ) 25°C	
Operating and Storage Temperatures	-65 to +175°C	
Thermal Resistance	50°C/W junction to lead at 0.375" from body or 110°C/W junction to ambient when mounted on FR4 PC board with 4 mm² copper pads and track width 1mm, length 25mm	
DC Power Dissipation *	1 Watt @ T <sub>L</sub> = 25°C 3/8 from body	
Forward Surge Current	200 Amps for 8.3 ms half-sine wave @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	
Solder Temperatures	260°C for 10 s (maximum)	

<sup>\*</sup> TVS devices are not typically used for dc power dissipation and are instead operated at or less than their rated standoff voltage ( $V_{WM}$ ) except for transients that briefly drive the device into avalanche breakdown ( $V_{BR}$  to  $V_C$  region).

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Type (note 1)	Minimum Breakdown Voltage	Test Current	Rated Standoff Voltage	Maximum (RMS) Reverse Voltage	Maximum Standby Current	Maximum Peak Reverse Voltage	Maximum Peak Pulse Current	Maximum Temperature Coefficient
(Hote 1)	V <sub>(BR)</sub> @ I <sub>(BR)</sub>	I <sub>(BR)</sub>	V <sub>wm</sub>	V <sub>WM(RMS)</sub>	I <sub>D</sub> @ V <sub>WM</sub>	V <sub>C</sub> @ I <sub>PP</sub>	I <sub>PP</sub>	$\alpha V_{(BR)}$
	V	mA	V	V	μΑ	V	А	%/°C
1N5555P	33.0	1.0	30.5	21.5	5	47.5	32	+.093
1N5556P	43.7	1.0	40.3	28.5	5	63.5	24	+.094
1N5557P	54.0	1.0	49.0	34.5	5	78.5	19	+.096
1N5558P	191.0	1.0	175	124.0	5	265.0	5.7	+.100

Note 1: A TVS is normally selected according to the rated "Standoff Voltage" V<sub>WM</sub> that should be equal to or greater than the dc or continuous peak operating voltage level.

### **SYMBOLS AND DEFINITIONS**

V <sub>wm</sub>	Standoff Voltage: Applied Reverse Voltage to assure a nonconductive condition
V <sub>(BR)</sub>	Breakdown Voltage: This is the Breakdown Voltage the device will exhibit at 25°C
Vc	Maximum Clamping Voltage: The maximum peak voltage appearing across the TVS when subjected to the peak pulse current in a one millisecond time interval. The peak pulse voltage is the combination of voltage rise due to both the series resistance and thermal rise and positive temperature coefficient $(\alpha V_{(BR)})$
I <sub>PP</sub>	Peak Pulse Current: The peak current during the impulse
P <sub>PP</sub>	Peak Pulse Power: The pulse power as determined by the product of V <sub>C</sub> and I <sub>PP</sub>
I <sub>D</sub>	Standby Current: The current at the standoff voltage (V <sub>WM</sub> )
I <sub>(BR)</sub>	Breakdown Current: The current used for measuring breakdown voltage $(V_{(BR)})$



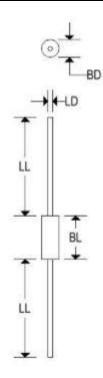
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## MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Case	DO-201, Plastic	
Marking	Alpha Numeric, Body Painted	
Polarity	Cathode Band	



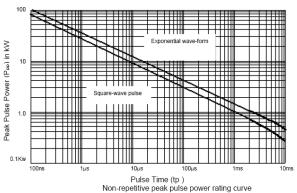
8 38	DO-201					
- 0	Inc	hes	Millimeters			
	Min	Max	Min	Max		
BD	0.190	0.250	4.826	6.350		
BL	0.285	0.375	7.239	9.525		
LD	0.038	0.042	0.965	1.067		
LL	1.000	235	25.400	38		



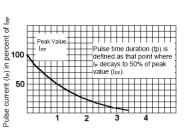
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Non-repetitive peak pulse power rating curve NOTE: Peak power defined as peak voltage times peak current



time (t) in milliseconds Pulse wave form for exponential surge

